

1. Which of the following equations represent exponential growth? 1. _____

I.	$y = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{11}{10} \right)^{-x}$
II.	$y = \frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{7}{3} \right)^{2x}$
III.	$y = 3(4)^{-2x}$
IV.	$y = 2 \left(\frac{7}{4} \right)^x$

2. Describe the end behavior of the function $f(x) = \left(\frac{1}{4} \right)^{x-2} + 3$. 2. _____

- a. as $x \rightarrow -\infty$, $f(x) \rightarrow +\infty$ and as $x \rightarrow +\infty$, $f(x) \rightarrow 3$
- b. as $x \rightarrow -\infty$, $f(x) \rightarrow 3$ and as $x \rightarrow +\infty$, $f(x) \rightarrow +\infty$
- c. as $x \rightarrow -\infty$, $f(x) \rightarrow -\infty$ and as $x \rightarrow +\infty$, $f(x) \rightarrow +\infty$
- d. as $x \rightarrow -\infty$, $f(x) \rightarrow 2$ and as $x \rightarrow +\infty$, $f(x) \rightarrow +\infty$

3. When evaluating the function $f(x) = 2 \cdot 3^{x+1} - 5$ for any real number x , what must be true about the value of $f(x)$? 3. _____

- a. The value of $f(x)$ is always greater than -1
- b. The value of $f(x)$ is always greater than -5
- c. The value of $f(x)$ is always positive
- d. The value of $f(x)$ is always negative

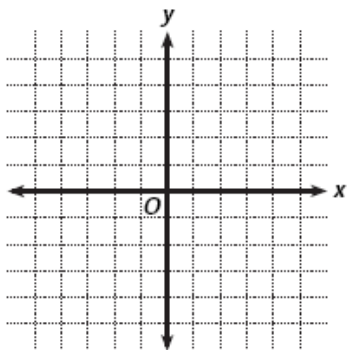
For questions 4 - 5, graph the following exponential graphs without using a graphing calculator.

4. $y = 2(3)^{x-2} + 3$

4. H.A.:

End Behavior:

Starting Pt:

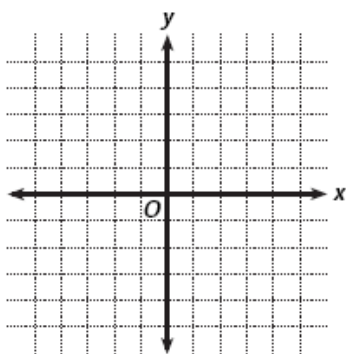


5. $y = \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^{x+1} - 2$

5. H.A.:

End Behavior:

Starting Pt.:



6. The graph of which function is stretched vertically by a factor of five and translated three units left from the graph of the parent function.

6. _____

- a. $y = 5^{x-3}$
- b. $y = 5(4)^{x-3}$
- c. $y = 5^{x+3}$
- d. $y = 5(2)^{x+3}$

7. The graph of which function is stretched vertically by a factor of seven and translated two units right and three units up from the graph of the parent function.

7. _____

- a. $y = 7^{x+2} + 3$
- b. $y = 7(4)^{x-2} - 3$
- c. $y = 7(4)^{x-2} + 3$
- d. $y = 7^{x+2} - 3$